

## Table of Integrals Common in QM

### 1 Gaussian Integrals

$$\int_0^{\infty} x e^{-x/a} dx = a^2 \quad (1)$$

$$\int_0^{\infty} x^n e^{-x/a} dx = n! a^{n+1} \quad (2)$$

$$\int_0^{\infty} e^{-x^2/a^2} dx = \sqrt{\pi} \left(\frac{a}{2}\right) \quad (3)$$

$$\int_0^{\infty} x e^{-x^2/a^2} dx = \frac{a^2}{2} \quad (4)$$

$$\int_0^{\infty} x^2 e^{-x^2/a^2} dx = \sqrt{\pi} \left(\frac{a^3}{4}\right) \quad (5)$$

$$\int_0^{\infty} x^{2n} e^{-x^2/a^2} dx = \sqrt{\pi} \frac{(2n)!}{n!} \left(\frac{a}{2}\right)^{2n+1} \quad (6)$$

$$\int_0^{\infty} x^{2n+1} e^{-x^2/a^2} dx = \frac{n!}{2} a^{2n+2} \quad (7)$$

### 2 Gaussian Integrals

$$\int x \sin ax dx = \frac{ax}{a^2} - \frac{x \cos ax}{a} \quad (8)$$

$$\int x^2 \sin ax dx = \frac{2 - a^2 x^2}{a^3} \cos ax + \frac{2x \sin ax}{a} \quad (9)$$

$$\int \sin^2 ax dx = \frac{x}{2} - \frac{\sin 2ax}{4a} \quad (10)$$

$$\int x \sin^2 ax dx = \frac{x^2}{4} - \frac{x \sin 2ax}{4a} + \frac{\sin^2 ax}{4a^2} \quad (11)$$

$$\int x \cos ax dx = \frac{\cos ax}{a^2} + \frac{x \sin ax}{a} \quad (12)$$

$$\int x^2 \cos ax dx = \frac{2x \cos ax}{a^2} + \frac{a^2 x^2 - 2}{a^3} \sin ax \quad (13)$$

$$\int \cos^2 ax dx = \frac{x}{2} + \frac{\sin 2ax}{4a} \quad (14)$$

$$\int x \cos^2 ax dx = \frac{x^2}{4} + \frac{x \sin 2ax}{4a} - \frac{\sin^2 ax}{4a^2} \quad (15)$$

## The Trig Identities I don't have Memorized

### Even/Odd Relations

$$\sin(-\theta) = -\sin(\theta) \rightarrow -\sin(-\theta) = \sin(\theta) \quad (16)$$

$$\cos(-\theta) = \cos(\theta) \rightarrow -\cos(-\theta) = -\cos(\theta) \quad (17)$$

### Product Identities

$$\sin \alpha \cos \beta = \frac{1}{2}[\sin(\alpha + \beta) + \sin(\alpha - \beta)] \quad (18)$$

$$\cos \alpha \cos \beta = \frac{1}{2}[\cos(\alpha + \beta) + \cos(\alpha - \beta)] \quad (19)$$

$$\sin \alpha \sin \beta = \frac{1}{2}[\cos(\alpha + \beta) - \cos(\alpha - \beta)] \quad (20)$$

### Power Reduction Formulae

$$\sin^2 \theta = \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos 2\theta) \quad (21)$$

$$\cos^2 \theta = \frac{1}{2}(1 + \cos 2\theta) \quad (22)$$

$$\sin^3 \theta = \frac{3}{4} \sin \theta - \frac{1}{4} \sin 3\theta \quad (23)$$

$$\cos^3 \theta = \frac{3}{4} \cos \theta + \frac{1}{4} \cos 3\theta \quad (24)$$

### Sum and Difference Formulae

$$\sin(\alpha \pm \beta) = \sin \alpha \cos \beta \pm \cos \alpha \sin \beta \quad (25)$$

$$\cos(\alpha \pm \beta) = \cos \alpha \cos \beta \pm \sin \alpha \sin \beta \quad (26)$$

### Double and Triple Angle Identities

$$\sin 2\theta = 2 \sin \theta \cos \theta \quad (27)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \cos 2\theta &= \cos^2 \theta - \sin^2 \theta \\ &= 2 \cos^2 \theta - 1 \\ &= 1 - 2 \sin^2 \theta \end{aligned} \quad (28)$$

$$\sin 3\theta = 3 \sin \theta - 4 \sin^3 \theta \quad (29)$$

$$\cos 3\theta = -3 \cos \theta + 4 \cos^3 \theta \quad (30)$$