

3.16

The BC's are

- (i)  $V(0, y, z) = 0$
- (ii)  $V(a, y, z) = 0$
- (iii)  $V(x, 0, z) = 0$
- (iv)  $V(x, a, z) = 0$
- (v)  $V(x, y, 0) = 0$
- (vi)  $V(x, y, a) = V_0$

inside the box  $\{V \in \mathbb{R}^3 \mid x, y, z \in (0, a)\}$  and  $\nabla^2 V = 0$

We assume  $V$  takes the form  $V(x, y, z) = X(x)Y(y)Z(z)$

from which it follows

$$\frac{1}{X} \frac{d^2 X}{dx^2} = C_1, \quad \frac{1}{Y} \frac{d^2 Y}{dy^2} = C_2, \quad \frac{1}{Z} \frac{d^2 Z}{dz^2} = C_3 \quad \text{and} \quad C_1 + C_2 + C_3 = 0$$

let  $C_3 = k^2 + \ell^2$  and  $C_2 = -k^2$

so  $X(x) = A \sin(\ell x) + B \cos(\ell x)$

$Y(y) = C \sin(ky) + D \cos(ky)$

and  $Z(z) = E e^{\sqrt{k^2 + \ell^2} z} + F e^{-\sqrt{k^2 + \ell^2} z}$

(i) & (ii) require, respectively, that  $B = 0$  &  $D = 0$

(iii) & (iv) require, respectively, that  $\ell = \frac{n\pi}{a}$  &  $k = \frac{m\pi}{a}$

(v) requires that  $E + F = 0 \Rightarrow E = -F \Rightarrow Z(z) = 2 \sinh(\sqrt{k^2 + \ell^2} z)$

so

$$V_{k,\ell}(x, y, z) = C_{k,\ell} \sin(\ell x) \sin(ky) \sinh(\sqrt{k^2 + \ell^2} z)$$

or

$$V_{n,m}(x, y, z) = C_{n,m} \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{a}\right) \sin\left(\frac{m\pi y}{a}\right) \sinh\left(\frac{\pi}{a} \sqrt{n^2 + m^2} z\right)$$

and

$$V(x, y, z) = \sum_{n,m} V_{n,m}(x, y, z) = \sum_n \sum_m C_{n,m} \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{a}\right) \sin\left(\frac{m\pi y}{a}\right) \sinh\left(\frac{\pi}{a} \sqrt{n^2 + m^2} z\right)$$

with  $V(x, y, a) = V_0$

3.16

To determine the coefficients we require a double integral

$$\int_0^a \int_0^a \sum_{n,m} C_{n,m} \sinh\left(\frac{n\pi x}{a}\right) \sin\left(\frac{m\pi y}{a}\right) \sinh(\pi\sqrt{n^2+m^2}z) \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{a}\right) \sin\left(\frac{m\pi y}{a}\right) dy dx$$

$$= C_{n,m} \sinh(\pi\sqrt{n^2+m^2}z) \int_0^a \sin^2\left(\frac{n\pi x}{a}\right) dx \int_0^a \sin^2\left(\frac{m\pi y}{a}\right) dy = \left(\frac{a}{2}\right)^2 \sinh(\pi\sqrt{n^2+m^2}z)$$

but

$$\left(\frac{a}{2}\right)^2 \sinh(\pi\sqrt{n^2+m^2}z) C_{n,m} = V_0 \int_0^a \int_0^a \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{a}\right) \sin\left(\frac{m\pi y}{a}\right) dy dx = \left(\frac{a}{\pi}\right)^2 \frac{V_0}{nm} \left[\cos(kx)\right]_0^a \left[\cos(ky)\right]_0^a$$

$$\text{and } \left[\cos\left(\frac{n\pi x}{a}\right)\right]_0^a \left[\cos\left(\frac{m\pi y}{a}\right)\right]_0^a = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } n, \text{ or } m \text{ even} \\ 4 & \text{if } n \text{ and } m \text{ odd} \end{cases}$$

So

$$C_{n,m} = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } n \text{ or } m \text{ odd} \\ \frac{16V_0}{\pi^2 nm \sinh(\pi\sqrt{n^2+m^2}z)} & \text{if } n \& m \text{ odd} \end{cases}$$

and so

$$V(x,y,z) = \frac{16V_0}{\pi^2} \sum_{n,m \in 2\mathbb{N}-1} \frac{\sinh\left(\frac{\pi\sqrt{n^2+m^2}z}{a}\right)}{nm \sinh(\pi\sqrt{n^2+m^2}z)} \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{a}\right) \sin\left(\frac{m\pi y}{a}\right) \quad \square.$$